ICAR- Indian Institute of Horticultural Research(IIHR), Bangalore

Entrepreneurship and Leadership
Development Programme for Horticulture Entrepreneurs
Desirous of applying to Schemes of
National Horticulture Board

Crop / Activity	Protected Cultivation of Vegetables

2020

Become Entrepreneur	
	Lead Change and Innovation
Be creative	
	Lead Profits

ICAR- Indian Institute of Horticultural Research(IIHR)

Bangalore, Hesraghatta Lake Post – 560089

Karnataka

Index

	Topic	Page
1.	Introduction	
2.	Rationale	
3.	Importance of Project: Crop/ Activity	
4.	Profile of Institute and facilities and Services	
5.	Objectives of training Programme	
6.	Pedagogy: Training methods / styles are:	
7.	Outputs expected: (As on the last date of 06 days	
	training)	
8.	Outcomes expected (in 18 months)	
9.	Programme in brief	
10.	Expectations from trainee before the arrival to the	
	Training institute	
11.	06 Days training schedule	
12.	Trainers' Material: to be used for preparing Participants	
	Handbook first in English and then in local language as	
	far as possible.	
13.	Activities prior to training by Horticulture Training	
	Institute	
14.	Services by the Horticulture Training Institute	
15.	Photographs of Campus/ Class rooms / Hostel /	
	Technology / Infrastructure	
16.	What is cluster? When a group of individual growers or	
	farms are called as Cluster? Essential elements /	
	components of a cluster.	

Training	Programme	Entrepreneurship and Leadership
Name		Development Programme of Horticulture
		for Protected cultivation of Vegetables :
		Capsicum, Cherry Tomato, Bottle Brinjal,
		Cucumber, Zucchini, Musk melon, Lettuce
		and Broccoli

Introduction: Vegetables growing is most preferred by these farmers due to quick and high returns and several vegetable crops are preferred in crop diversification. Vegetables are very important in human nutrition as they are rich sources of vitamins, minerals, food fibre and nutraceuticals. The area under vegetables gradually increased from 5593 thousand hectares in 1991-1992 to 6156 thousand hectares in 2001- 02 and the production also increased from 58532 thousand mt in 1991-92 to 88622 thousand mt in 2001-2002. According to the recent statics the area and the production of vegetables has shown a compound growth rate of 2.61% and 4.31 % respectively. Vegetable crops occupy about 10.11 million hectares and produce about 169.06 million tons during 2015-16 and the estimates stands at 220 million tons for the year 2020-21. The ICAR-IIHR, Bengaluru has been conducting research on majority of vegetable crops since 1968-69 and has developed a good number of sustainable varieties/hybrids and advanced production technology and many of them are being practices vegetable growers across the country. The salient features of commercial horticulture are perishability, intense technology, high profitability combined with high investment and high risks including vulnerability to post harvest losses. Overall it demands very good entrepreneurship and leadership.

National Horticulture Board, an autonomous organisation under the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare, Government of India has been promoting commercial horticulture in the country since 1984. To cope up with the challenges and prospects of commercial horticulture, to mitigate constraints & risks and maximise the benefits & net income, NHB has taken a number of initiatives viz., Model Detail Project Reports, conducting both awareness and technical workshops and simplification of scheme implementation process. One another important measure taken up is encouraging farmers, entrepreneurs and applicants desirous of availing benefit under its schemes to have requisite entrepreneurship and leadership ability by undergoing a 06 days training programme at one of the best training institutes recognised by it.

Rationale for the Training: NHB projects are credit linked and back ended and are capital intensive running from several lakhs to several crores. In addition these involve good documentation and time bound activities on the part of promoter, banker and other stakeholders. So endeavour should be to ensure that the project is successful by all means be addressing all possible risks. Over the years it has been observed by NHB that most of the promoters of NHB projects are not having the required understanding of scheme documentation, timebound activities and lack knowledge and skills of handling the project themselves and thus become subjected to vagaries of others ignorance and omissions and commissions. The result is a number of projects have failed or became ineligible for subsidy consideration. Thus so as to rule out any these omissions and commissions and risks, NHB has made it mandatory for every applicant to undergo a 06 days training programme at one of the NHB recognised /approved institution, with a goal of zero rejection of a project for which IPA is issued.

Importance of Project: Crop / Activity: Global/National/State and role in horticulture development

Name of Activity

Protected cultivation of vegetables - Capsicum, Cherry Tomato, Bottle Brinjal, English Cucumber, Zucchini, Musk melon, Water melon, Lettuce and Broccoli

Profile of the Institute:

ICAR- Indian Institute of Horticultural Research(IIHR), Bangalore:

The ICAR-Indian Institute of Horticultural Research (IIHR) is a premier institute conducting basic, strategic, anticipatory and applied research on various aspects of fruit, vegetable, ornamental, medicinal crops and mushrooms. The Institute was the first Horticultural Research Institute in the country established by the Indian Council of Agriculture Research on September 5, 1967 at the ICAR Headquarters, New Delhi. Subsequently, it was shifted to Bengaluru in Karnataka on February 1, 1968 at Hesaraghatta. The institute is spread over 263 ha of land, 25 km towards North from Bengaluru city. It is well connected by road, rail and airlines. The institute spread its sphere of research activities to the length and breadth of the nation by establishing its experimental stations at Lucknow, Nagpur, Ranchi, Godhra, Chettalli and Gonikopal. Over the years the experiment stations at Lucknow, Nagpur, Ranchi, and Godhra have grown in size and today they stand as independent institutes. As of now, the ICAR-IIHR has its Main Research Station at Hesaraghatta, Bengaluru and Horticultural Experimental Stations at Bhubaneshwar in Odisha and Chettalli in Kodagu and Hirehalli in Tumkur of Karnataka state with two Krishi Vigyan Kendras located at Gonikopal in Kodaguand Hirehalli in Tumkur districts. Apart from this, the institute houses Project Coordinating Unit of All India Coordinated Research Project on Tropical Fruits at its campus.

Infrastructure: The entire arable land of the institute is divided into well-defined nine blocks for carrying out research; and independent buildings for various divisions and departments to house laboratories were built. Currently the institute has well-defined divisions viz., Divisions of Fruit Crops, Vegetable Crops, Floriculture and Medicinal Crops, Post Harvest Technology, Plant Pathology, Entomology and Nematology, Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry, Plant Physiology and Biochemistry, Plant Genetic Resources, Biotechnology and Social Sciences and Training, with more than 65 purpose oriented laboratories having state of art equipment's and facilities. The institute houses an ultra-modern library, conference halls, auditorium, training hostel, bank, post office, hospital, essential quarters and others. The institute also has established various service-oriented important units viz; Institute Technology

Management Unit (ITMU) and Business Planning and Development (BPD) units, Consultancy and Processing Cell, through which the technologies developed by the institute are being commercialized. Agricultural Technology Information Centre (ATIC) as a single window agency for dissemination of information and technologies developed by the institute and Agricultural Knowledge Management Unit, which implements and manages research information and egovernance. The AKMU has also created video conferencing facilities. The Website of the institute is also developed, hosted and managed by AKMU of the institute.

Mandate

- ❖ To undertake basic and applied research for developing strategies to enhance productivity and utilization of tropical and sub-tropical horticulture crops viz., fruits, vegetables, ornamentals, medicinal plants and mushrooms.
- ❖ To serve as a repository of scientific information relevant to horticulture.
- ❖ To act as a centre for training for up gradation of scientific manpower in modern technologies for horticulture production and
- ❖ To collaborate with national and international agencies in achieving the above objectives.

Mission: The mission of the institute is achieving sustainable development of horticulture, which in turn would provide livelihood security, economic growth and nutritional security that have been challenged from time and again by various factors. Towards this end, the IIHR, Bengaluru has been carrying out research in fruits, vegetables ornamental, medicinal plants and mushrooms.

Awards and Recognitions: Recognizing the achievements and contributions made by the Institute in the field of horticulture, the institute has been adjudged as Best Institute by Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), New Delhi and awarded Sardar Patel Best Institute Award twice; once in 1999 and again in 2010. ICAR- IIHR is recognized as the main center for production and supply of breeder seeds of vegetable crop varieties; the Institute nursery has been rated as Four Stars by National Horticulture Board; the pollen Cryo-Bank of the institute features in the Limca Book of Records 2001; has been recognized as the Team of Excellence in Biotechnology and Post-Harvest Management with a Product Development Laboratory to up scale the technologies, has got a center of DBT-ICAR National Facility for virus-diagnosis and quality control in tissue culture plants and Phyto-sanitary Certification Agency for seeds and planting materials; has been recognized as NABL accredited Pesticide Residue Research Laboratory in accordance with the standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005 for chemical testing of pesticides in fruits, vegetables, water, cereals and pulses and of late the Institute has established Horticultural Technology Management - Business Planning and Development Unit (HTM - BPD) to encourage and promote clientele based horti-business activities.

Research and Development: In the beginning years, the main research agenda of the institute was to increase the production and productivity of horticultural crop varieties by developing high yielding varieties in fruits, vegetables, ornamentals and medicinal and aromatic plants and mushrooms and also develop advanced production technologies to increase the productivity of horticultural crops. With changing times and emergence of new challenges in the fields of crop improvement, crop production, crop protection and crop utilization, emphasis was laid on breeding varieties for biotic and abiotic stresses, breeding F1 hybrids, developing integrated pest and disease technologies, developing integrated water management and management protocols towards optimum utilization of resources production and utilization of edible and medicinal mushroom. Developing post harvest management practices to reduce post harvest losses and further value additions and frontier research areas like hi-tech horticulture especially production of vegetables under protected conditions, precision farming, information technology, biotechnological interventions to increase yields, protect crops from insect- pests, diseases and viruses, and extension of shelf life of crop produces, biological control, disease diagnostics, pesticide residue management, evaluation and mitigation of adverse effects of climate change in horticultural crop production etc. became the other priority areas with changing research agenda at the national level. Research work carried out during the last four decades has paid rich dividends in the terms of release of more than 200 varieties and hybrids and development of good number of sustainable production, protection and post-harvest management technologies.

The institute is involved in first line transfer of technology of dissemination of information and technologies developed by the institute. This is being carried out by conducting on-farm and off-farm demonstrations, various media and publicity activities, radio and television programs, publishing popular literature, video films, conducting field days, participating in national and international exhibitions, first line training programs for development functionaries, need based training programs to entrepreneurs and corporate/ private agencies and also to the needy farmers. Some of the innovative extension methods like mobile messaging, farmers' field schools, and techno-agents for promotion of sustainable horticultural activities, video conferencing for training, interactive meets etc. have been successfully employed. Popular literature in Kannada, Hindi and English languages in the form of extension bulletins and folders on various aspects of horticulture have been brought out and are being distributed to extension personnel and farmers. The institute offers consultancy services on various aspects of horticulture in the form of general consultancy on horticulture production, advisory service, project preparation and project appraisal, technology development etc. The other services like contract service, paid up trials, product testing and analysis, soil, water and leaf analysis and advisory, technology assessment and refinement etc. are also under taken on payment basis.

Capacity Building: The Division of Social Sciences and Training also conducts regular training programs to development personnel and farmers on various advanced technologies in horticultural sector. The division is looking after training and extension activities of the institute apart from research, conducting demonstrations, communication of technologies through innovative extension methodologies etc. The division had a Trainers Training Centre of the Indian Council and Agricultural Research (1976-1997) and an Advanced Training Centre of the Directorate of Extension Government of India (1997-2003). With the formation of National Horticultural Mission there is a lot of demand from the state department of various states as well as farmers and private entrepreneurs for acquiring training on various aspects of horticulture. Hence, tailor made training programmes are now being conducted on the various aspects of horticulture for the varied clientele on payment basis. It is the endeavour of the division to keep in tune with the technological requirements in horticulture and the latest developments in the field of information technology and accordingly various training programmes are being regularly conducted in the division.

Human Resources: Presently the institute has a total strength of more than 600 staff with more than 150 scientific, 225 technical, 80 administrative and 140 supporting staff. The institute is headed by the Director supported by Heads of Divisions, Chief Administrative Officer (CAO) and Chief Finance and Accounts Officer (CFAO). The Central Horticultural Experiment Stations at Chettalli and Bhubaneswar headed by the Station Heads and the Krishi Vigyan Kendras (KVKs) are headed by Program Coordinators under the overall control of the Director of the Institute.

Objectives of Training Programme:

- 1. Knowledge: Ensure every trainee acquires adequate knowledge and understanding of NHB Scheme Operational guidelines, Annual design and procedure viz.
 - a. Eligibility of applicant including definition of family, and project, the process and steps involved in the scheme implementation, timelines, Scheme cost norms, pattern of assistance etc. Calculation of Eligible Project cost, Eligible components for subsidy, NHB standards, Basic Data Sheet & Protocols to be complied for availing subsidy,; Crop / Project specific Model DPR Template, Terms and conditions of IPA, Do's and Don'ts for Applicants /Banks/NHB officials for IPA,
 - b. List of documents (enclosed)

- c. To acquaint with NHB website including registration and modes of online application, operation of online account and contact persons, helpdesk and grievance redressal.
- d. Subsidy claim process through Bank/FI and list of documents to be submitted along with claim, JIT process, JIT Format, Documentation, Circumstances to request for and consider Re-JIT& Post-JIT process.
- e. Formats of Agenda and check list used for processing subsidy claim.
- f. How to expand understanding based on the minutes of meetings of previous IC and PAC available on website. It helps the applicant to understand how decision on subsidy is being made.
- g. To know and appreciate specific Horticultural commodity / crop economic importance and potential of fresh commodity and processed / value addition commodity; Country and Global scenario and State/UT Scenario.
- h. To learn / visit success stories / best practices including cluster development / FPOs; interact with successful entrepreneurs; and recognise key factors responsible for success and failure.
- 2. Personal leadership and skills development
 - a. To explore leadership roles required in horticulture business and realign and recalibrate self with new knowledge, concepts and tools.
 - b. Managing change and innovation and Taking charge and leading strategy.
 - c. To learn/ improve IT/ social media and know how to benefit from Internet and newspapers/media.
 - d. To improve leadership / social skills especially common informed vision, communication, team work, negotiation skills; with an exercise and success story.
- 3. Selection of cultivar, Technology to be adopted and Production practices for crop intensification and high productivity and ecological sustainability.
 - a. How to select suitable variety/hybrid/cultivar and source quality planting material/ seed based on market demand and sustainability.
 - b. Technology: Protection cultivation Technology-various kinds, customisation based on Agro-climatic condition, crop and pest and diseases profile; familiarisation of components and Mechanisation and Automation.

- c. To know scientific production, harvesting and post-harvesting practices, technology and management and Analyse gap analysis with that of the current practices, technology and management of trainees.
- 4. Harvesting, Post-Harvest Management practices, technologies and Infrastructure
 - a. Time of Harvesting, Moisture level of the produce, post-harvest practices, cleaning, sorting, grading, packing, labelling, precooling, storage and transportation.
 - b. To be aware of Post-harvest and storage practices, protocols and technologies.
 - c. To know required infrastructure- Supply Chain/ Cold Chain and Marketing infrastructure and Gap analysis to the context of trainees.
- 5. Processing and value and value addition
- 6. Marketing and value chain development
 - a. To know value chain and document current value chain of trainees context.
 - b. To know how to source inputs from reliable and quality sources economically and explore best way / place to sell.
 - c. To know market based production concept; crop planning and preparing crop calendar.
 - d. Analyse market prices of various markets and causes of instability. Document market efficiency and share of grower in consumer price realisation and possible way to minimise price spread.
 - e. To know importance of branding and promotion.
 - f. How to become an Exporter and know the roles of APEDA.
- 7. Cold chain development both for Export and Domestic Markets
- 8. Producing quality produce: MPS Registration will be taken in to account breeders rights
- 9. DPR for vegetables viz Capsicum, Cherry tomato, Lettuce, Broccoli and their project management including finance and credit
 - a. To empower selection of crop based project based on Agroclimatic/soil/ water suitability, Market, Finance and Technical viability.
 - b. To empower the trainees to prepare Detail Project Report of his/her project. In case it is already prepared with the help of external

- expert, the trainee is made to understand and critically analyse the same.
- c. To know about Banks/ Financial Institutions; Loan procedure-how to avail finance/ credit- challenges and prospects. Document difficulties in trainees context and facilitate in possible solutions on expeditious and easy access to credit.
- d. To know risks viz., including natural calamities in production and business and their management strategies including insurance schemes.
- e. To learn about Farm record book keeping.
- 10. Cluster development / Collaborative farming: What is cluster? Essential elements? To know importance of cluster approach,
- 11. Government organisations and Schemes related to Horticulture and laws to be complied.
- 12. Horticulture Statistics sources including DAC&FW website and State Horticulture Dept. website.
- 13. Technology and Entrepreneurship

Pedagogy: Training methods / styles are:

- a. Lectures- with two way communication using Audio-visual aids, videos etc.
- b. Group discussion
- c. Panel discussion
- d. Skill practice
- e. Interactive/exposure field visits etc.

Outputs expected: (As on the last date of 06 days training)

- 1. 100% attendance of all Classes prescribed.
- 2. Daily studying of reading material provided.
- 3. Successful and timely completion of assignments.
- 4. A score a minimum of 65 % in final assessment by each trainee.
- 5. Knowledge: by each of the trainee
 - a. Essential elements of NHB Scheme guidelines, documentation & processes and Do's and Don'ts, understanding DPR, Bank Appraisal and Sanction, identification of risks and vulnerabilities and measures to address the same, Processes and documentation of NHB scheme implementation for successful subsidy release.

- b. Essential elements of scientific and commercial Production, harvesting, post-harvest, Marketing, Exports etc. in English/Hindi/trainees' language.
- c. Good Agricultural Practices, PBR, MPS registration. Traceability and standards etc.
- d. Documentation of analysis of current scenario of trainees contextproduction, harvest, post-harvest, supply chain, marketing and gap analysis and possible road map.
- 6. Skills: by each of the trainee
 - a. Curiosity and continuous learning.
 - b. Crop: Modern scientific Cultivation, harvesting, post-harvest, food safety, traceability certification and standards.
 - c. Project: PHM&CC: Modern scientific operations, technology, safety etc.
 - d. Familiarisation of Technology, Standards, Protocols and hands on experience.
 - e. Good understanding of DPR and Project Management:
 - f. A 3 year Strategic action plan: A Year to Year strategy for 3 years to achieve set goal in 3 years- for improved production & productivity with economy, modern harvest, post-harvest practices, infrastructure, marketing and organisational systems for improved incomes.
 - g. Problem solving- to solve existing problem being faced by the trainees.
- 7. Attitude: developing confidence and leadership to successfully complete NHB project timely as per NHB norms, specifications/standards, protocols etc.
- 8. Networking with various Government and Non-Government Agencies and mentors.
- 9. To know various schemes and future useful training programmes across the country.

Outcomes expected (in 18 months)

- 1. The proposed training completed Successfully with right technology and processes complying with all NHB Scheme requirements.
- 2. Cost of production reduced; crop health improved, productivity increased & losses reduced.
- 3. Food safety Improved, certification / standards compliance

- 4. Quality infrastructure created .
- 5. profits/ net income increased.

Programme in Brief

Training Programme Name	Programi Capsicun Zucchini	me for Horticul n, Cherry Tom , Musk melon, I	d Leadership ture for Protected ato, Bottle Brinj ettuce and Brocco	cultivation of al, Cucumber,
Duration	06 workir	ng days		
Participant Target Group	No.1 and	also for those wl	vailing NHB benefit no want to improve d vegetable cultiva	their knowledge
Training	Dr.B.Bala			
Coordinator with	Principal	of Social Science	and Training	
Designation		R, Bangalore – 56	9	
and Address	94489283			
Tel, Mobile and email id	Balakrish	na.B@icar.gov.ir	1	
	Dr.V.San	kar, Principal Sc	ientist (Hort)	
		of Social Science	0	
		R, Bangalore - 56 @icar.gov.in	00089	
	94811402	_ U		
		thil Kumar, Scie		
		of Vegetable crop		
		R, Bangalore – 56 [@icar.gov.in	50089	
	94814705	_ _		
Languages	English/I	Hindi/Kannada		
Training	Month	Last date for	Training	Training Dates
calendar for		Registration	reporting dates	
2020		ed by NHB		
How to Apply	Through o	email		
Next review/ revision of				
Training				
Design				
Batch size	Batch	Course Fees	Hostel:	Total cost for
and cost and	size		Accommodation,	06 days
Payment			Boarding: BF+L+D	
system			+ Morning Tea +	
			Afternoon Tea	
	20 &	Rs.1500 /partic		
	40 06	No.1000 / partic	ipairi day .	

	above	Rs.9000 per per	rson for 06 days
	D	1 11	
	Payme	ent system and addr	ess:
	Bank A	Account details:	
	1 N	Name of the	ICAR-Indian Institute of Horticultural
	B	Beneficiary	Research, Bangalore
	2 B	Bank Account Number	S.B. A/c No. 37578009241
	3 N	Name of the Bank	STATE BANK OF INDIA
		Name of the Branch	HESARAGHATTA
		Name & Address of	SBI, IIHR, HESARAGHATTA LAKE
		Bank Branch	POST, BANGALORE – 560 089
	6 I	FS Code	SBIN0041187
		The Director	
		ICAR- Indian Institu	ute of Horticultural Research
		Hesaraghatta lake _l	oost, Bangalore
		Phone -080-28466	471, 080-28466353
Enrolment			eart of trainee and on his/her
Certificate			in writing to undergo training. ion of training with 65% marks in
	_		andidates are awarded completion
		cate with marks.	
NHB & IIHR			ne is voluntary for any individual or
Role		inee. e cost of training is t	to be borne by trainee him/herself.
		_	sponsored by NHB nor by any
		vernment.	
	_		e and upon scoring 65% marks is
		nsidered as successi training completion	ful completion and then are eligible certificate
			of training programme by the
	app	plicant and submiss	sion of completion certificate is one
	of	the requirement for	or obtaining In-Principle Approval

(IPA).

- 6. It is compulsory to reside in the hostel/accommodation provided by the institute in the interest of training.
- 7. The training institute has no say in NHB decision making either in approval or rejection of IPA or sanction or not sanction of Subsidy.
- 8. Trainees are responsible for their conduct and wellbeing issues
- 9. NHB has no liability towards IPA and Subsidy release or non-release
- 10. HTI has no liability towards IPA and Subsidy release or non-release.

Expectations from trainee before the arrival to the Training institute:

- 1. Study NHB scheme guidelines of all schemes with emphasis on specific component for which application is being/ is made including General conditions, Basic structure, Applicant eligibility, Technical standards, Basic Data sheet and Protocols, Budgetary allocation for his/her state/UT, Guidelines for submitting application, cost of application, various prescribed formats, FAQs, Dos and Don'ts, Agenda and Checklist, List of documents to be submitted both for Pre-IPA and IPA available in NHB website and as received in their online account.
- 2. Study one's own Detail Project Report along with Model DPR available in NHB website.
- 3. Visit NHB website and study various services available- especially Scheme guidelines, Model DPRs, Technical Standards, Statistics, NHB interactive, Minutes of meetings (past), Public circulars to the extent possible.
- 4. Should see him/her self whether he/she is satisfying NHB Scheme requirements.
- 5. To cooperate with Horticulture Training Institute.
- 6. To share specific problems/ gaps / barriers in horticulture growth and profits in his area.

Material to be brought by each of trainee:

- 1. Hardcopy of application already submitted to NHB if any.
- 2. Hardcopy of DPR already submitted to NHB or prepared if any.
- 3. Hardcopy of Model NHB DPR if possible.
- 4. Hardcopy of copy of Dos' and Don't's, Agenda and Checklist, List of documents to be submitted.
- 5. Hardcopy of applicants' eligibility and General conditions.

Day wise schedule

Sessi	Module	Learning	Expert
on	Registration	Registration Prior-Assessment of knowledge, attitude and skills	
Day1 Sessi on1	Orientation / Inauguratio n	 General discipline in class room (Do's and Don'ts) Every trainee to share their introduction with expectations. Motivational Talk 	Course coordinator IIHR &Successful entrepreneur
Day1 S2	Economic / Marketing Potential and Specific State/ UTs context: Scope and opportunities and Success stories.	 Poly house vegetable Crop Origin, Botany and production technologies of Capsicum, Cherry Tomato, Bottle Brinjal Cucumber, Musk melons, Lettuce & Broccoli Area, Production, Productivity, Prices & value. In context with India & state Global: Area, Production, Productivity, Prices Export and Import scenario Domestic market: Supply and Demand Case study of success stories-2 Concerns for growers / entrepreneurs! 	IIHR Faculty & Successful entrepreneur
Day1 S3	Personal skills development	1. Lecture on soft skill development & leadership required in horticulture business	Guest Faculty
Day1 S4	NHB Scheme Guidelines, Annual Design and Processes of successful implementati on and DPR, Bank Appraisal and Sanction of own Project Quiz		DD NHB
	Reading material for next day*	 Study of NHB Scheme guidelines and come up with queries. Reading material on Protected cultivation technologies, components 	

	and erection. 3. Reading material on Agronomic practices.	
Evening/Nig ht Home work/ Assignment #	 Creation of Whats' app group of all trainees. Joining of NHB crop specific/Project specific Whats' app group. 	

^{*:} To be read in the night before attending next day class.

^{#:} Are evaluated/tested the following day.

Day2 S1 & S2	Media selection in protected cultivation	 Cultivation Practices Capsicum, Cherry Tomato, Bottle Brinjal, Cucumber, Zucchini, Musk melon, Lettuce and Broccoli etc for soil, agro climatic requirements, media preparation, soil and soilless culture. Media sterilization, Bed preparation. Media for Nursery/seedling preparation 	IIHR Faculty
	Protected Cultivatio n Technologi es	1.Types of greenhouses, Site selection, Layout & Design & Dimensions Structure Selection based on crop, location, climate, Foundation, Erection, Selection of cladding material, Quality norms of Greenhouse erection materials. 2.Familiarise different components & equipment of GH/ Shade net etc, Climate Control in greenhouse – RH,	
		Temperature, light, as per crop requirement, 3. Operation & maintenance, automation in greenhouses 4. Cost and Economics of Protected cultivation, register keeping, Annual Maintenance Contract, insurance etc. 5. Selection of fabricator, Do's and Don'ts	
Day2 S3 & 4	Visit to Poly house / Shade net/ Tunnel/ etc.	Familiarise technology and components of protected cultivation, practical on erection/ fabrication, challenges and suitability. Collective erection of Poly house / Shade net /Tunnel.	IIHR Faculty
	& Agronomic practices regarding	Agronomic practices: • Soil & Water testing- PH & EC Concept, treatment and its importance. • Bed preparation and proper site/ field lay out / design	IIHR Faculty

media preparatio n	Fumigation & MulchingBasal dose preparationPlantation	
	 Soil less Media in Protected cultivation: Coco peat , Rock wool, Perlite, Vermiculite Media Bag Selection Soil and Soil less cultivation &Importance in vegetable cultivation 	IIHR Faculty
Discussion	observations	
Quiz	Learning on yesterday and today	
Reading for next day	Crop Production technology under protected cultivation Capsicum, Cucumber, Cherry tomatoetc.	
Assignmen t for next day	31	

Day 3	Crop	1. Crop production technology of	IIHR
	Production	Capsicum, Bottle brinjal &	
S.1 & S2	Technology-	Cherry tomato (only two crop	•
	Class room	per day)	
		2. Planting – varietal selection,	
		planting season, Spacing &	
		important intercultural practices	
		as per crops	
		3. Capsicum cultural practises –	
		Nursery, planting, fertilizers and	
		growth regulators application	
		pruning. 4. Cherry tomato important	
		cultural practises - Nursery	
		management	
		5. Cherry tomato important	
		cultural practises – Field	
		preparation, planting, Micro	
		irrigation and fertigation	
		6. Crop production technology of	
		Broccoli and Lettuce	
		7. Planting – varietal selection,	
		planting season, Spacing &	
		important intercultural practices	
		as per crops	
		8. Broccoli cultural practises – support structure, Media and	
		bed preparation, important	
		cultural practices and hygiene	
		9. Lettuce important cultural	
		practises – support structure,	
		Media for nursery cultivation,	
		bed preparation , imp cultural	
		practices and hygiene.	
S.3 &	Visit to Poly	Practical sessions including,	IIHR
S4	house /	planting, training and pruning,	faculty
	Shade net/ Tunnel/ etc.	Raking of soil, removal of old leaves	
	Discussion	Evaluation of Assignment and	
	Discussion	observations	
	Quiz	Learning on 3 days	
	Reading for	• Cultivation of Cucumber,	
	next day	Zucchni , Musk melon, Lettuce	

Bed preparation and suppor system in Cucumber	
Assignment Importance of inter cultural practices like supporting in cucumber and Melons and removation of old leaves	

	T 1. 11 C TT 1 1	T ' ' 1 C ''1'	TTTTD
Day	Irrigation & Nutrient	Irrigation and fertilizer	-
4	Management	management in	Faculty
S1 &		Capsicum, Cherry	
S2		Tomato, Bottle Brinjal,	
		Cucumber, Zucchini,	
		Musk melon, Lettuce and	
		Broccoli	
		1. Water requirement, water	
		quality for irrigation,	
		treatment, critical stages	
		of crop, irrigation	
		schedule	
		2. Irrigation system (Drip /	
		foggers/ misters),design	
		specifications,	
		maintenance	
		3. Care to be taken in	
		procuring inputs	
		4. Fertigation-meaning,	
		methods and equipments.	
		5. Nutrient Management	
		(Macro & Micro)	
		6. Role of nutrients,	
		deficiency and toxicity	
		symptoms	
		7. Use of organic Manures in	
		protected cultivation	
		including Bio-fertilizer:	
		Vermi compost	
		production- Identify	
		correct species of	
		earthworm, quality	
		production technique,	
		finances and market	
		linkage, food safety issues	
		etc.	
		8. Care to be taken in	
		procuring inputs	
D4	Visit to Dalas Issues /	Magazinemasist	IIIID
Day4	Visit to Poly house /	Measurement of water	IIHR
S3 &	Shade net/ Tunnel/	discharge from emitter, back	faculty
4	etc.&	flush of Sand filter/ disc filter/	

	practical's regarding irrigation & fertigation in protected technology	and in greenhouse lateral end Practical on Fertigation equipment's, measurement of PH and EC of fertigation Solution and Drain water, preparation of A,B & C tanks, Fertigation in Soil and soilless culture	faculty
	Discussion Quiz	Evaluation of Assignment and observations Learning on yesterday and	
	Reading for next day Assignment for next day	today Crop protection in protected cultivation t Prepare the list of water soluble fertilizer supplier companies in India	
Day 5 S1	Pest management CCC	1 1	IIHR , Faculty

Day5	Disease	1. Introduction to major	
S2	Management	Disease in protected cultivation 2. Identification knowing of disease symptoms, stages of attack, precautions and control measuresmechanical, cultural, Biological & chemical 3. Integrated Pest Management-Bio-pesticides, promotion of natural enemies. 4. Availing extension services at regular intervals with the visit of experts to fields.	Faculty
S3	Harvesting, Post-Harvest Management / Infrastructure- to enhance shelf life and to reduce post-harvest losses Value Addition	Post-Harvest Management Capsicum, Cherry Tomato, Bottle Brinjal, Cucumber, Zucchini, Musk melon, Lettuce and Broccoli Pre harvest care 1. Harvesting – time stage & method 2. Post harvest handling practices like precooling sorting grading bunching ,packaging, storage and transport 3. Quality standards for export and domestic market 4. Post harvest solution and value addition in vegetables 5. Packaging material and standards Proper technique & do's and don'ts of Harvesting; 1. Fresh product: Minimal processing	
		processing. 2. Value Addition By product utilisation	

		- 4 101 1	
Day5	Visit to Poly house	Identification of major pests,	
S4	/ Shade net/	scouting, ETL level, spraying	
	Tunnel/ etc. &	technique and safety measures	
	practical's	Identification of major disease,	
	regarding pest and	scouting, ETL level, spraying	
	disease control	technique and safety measures	
	protected		
	technology		
	Discussion	Evaluation of Assignment and	
		observations	
	Quiz	Learning on today	
	Reading for next	Post harvest technology in	
	day	vegetables	
	Assignment for	Identification of pesticide supplier	
	next day	& equipment supplier	
	-		
	Visit to Protected	Skill /Hands on training on	IIHR
	structure- HTI	Harvesting techniques + Post-	Expert
		harvest practices	
	Visit to Modern	Skill /Hands on training on	
	Pack house, cold	Harvesting techniques + Post-	
	storage etc.	harvest practices	
	Discussion	Evaluation of Assignment and	
		observations	
	Quiz	Learning on 7 days	
	Reading for next	-	
	day		
	Assignment for	Difference between Applicants	
	next day	DPR and NHB's Model DPR-	
	-	What are the learnings.	

•	Marketing and	Marketing Pagion	TAT1 4 !
_		Marketing Basics:	Marketing
	value chain	1. Value Chain Analysis of	Expert,
S1	development	product / commodity in State	APMC
		/ UT- Current scenario and	Secretary,
		the best possible solutions	Exporter
		2. Identification of markets-	
		Export, Distant Market, Local	
		markets- Mandis/ Traders,	
		Processing units.	
		3. Demand – seasons / days etc.	
		4. Market Driven Production-	
		Concept: What? How?	
		Challenges? Solutions	
		5. Promotion strategy: Branding;	
		Differentiation of product	
		6. e-marketing	
		Market Intelligence /	
		Transparency in Market prices/	
		Assimilation of Market	
		Information /	
		1. Knowing end market prices-	
		Local market and distance	
		market; from reliable sources,	
		Mandis, competitors through	
		Media-print, AIR, TV,	
		internet, commission agents	
		etc.	
		2. Analyse market information	
		season wise.	
		3. Use market information to	
		decide on crop (type	
		vegetable), area to be grown,	
		appropriate post -harvest	
		decision to decide where to	
		sell, when to sell, whom to	
		sell, and what quantity to sell	
		etc to be profitable.	
		4. Arranging cost effective	
		transportation.	
		• Also use market information	
		for growing next crop, area	
		and release of produce into	
		market etc.	

	Daman 4 4 4	TZC A BATC
	Demand assessment and	KSAMB
	management:	Marketing
	1. Need to consolidate demand	Expert
	from all sources- retail	
	outlets, chain, hawkers etc.	
	2. Assured quantum can be	
	vertically integrated with	
	producers.	
	3. Variable demand is linked	
	with indirect or Mandi based	
	procurement.	
	4. To know a balance sheet:	
	demand and supply of	
	commodity if possible.	
	Š Ž	KCVMD
	Causes of market instability and measures to address	KSAMB APEDA
	1. Causes: Low cost supplies	Expert/
	from new production areas,	
	Fluctuating demand in	Expert
	Transport availability, Market	
	manipulation, weather	
	vagaries, local disruptions	
	(Bandhs etc.) etc.	
	2. Measures: Building brand	
	loyalty, Efficient supply chain	
	with dedicated transport on	
	pre-determined schedules,	
	Complementary storage	
	option for buffers for 2 weeks;	
	For perishables- back end	
	sources and reefer transport,	
	modern pack houses; Food	
	processing capacity, Export	
	markets.	
	Measures to check gluts.	LC A MD
	Marketing models / Measures to	KSAMB
	minimise price spread / enhance	APEDA
	price realisation.	Expert/
	1.Direct-	Marketing
	1.Bulk sale- fast tracked	Expert
	without any pre-cooling	
	with daily dispatches.	
	2.Bulk or retail outlets-	
	owned/ franchisee.	
	3.Through wholesale	
<u> </u>		L

	vendors/ vegetable sellers. 2.Marketing with /without legal	
	contract with buyers, supply chain agents etc.	
	3. Models:	
	Direct Market	
	Wholesellar	
	Auction Market	
	Private partnership- Success	
	stories	
	Potential niche Export markets	Exporter
	1. Global Scenario- product	_
	wise; Success story,	
	2. State/UT s potential,	
	Challenges for Export	
	markets- sea based;	
	3. Interaction with Exporters	
	and Importers.	
	4. Linkage with Distribution	
	hubs (Netherland)	Francis
	Potential niche Export markets for vegetables	Exporter
	5. Global Scenario- product	
	wise; Success story,	
	6. State/UT s potential,	
	Challenges for Export	
	markets- sea based;	
	7. Interaction with Exporters	
	and Importers.	
	8. Linkage with Distribution	
	hubs (Netherland)	
	Potential niche Domestic	
	markets: for vegetables	
	1. Indian Scenario- product	
	wise; Challenges for	
	Domestic – road based	
	Exposure / Networking	
	visits/Trade Fairs/ Exhibitions_	
	India & Abroad- CDB support Trainee specific Crop Production	Mentored by
Interaction with		
Interaction with		•
successful	Technology in vegetables	Successful
		•

		Technology and Infrastructure	
		Producing Quality produce	
		Finance, Credit & Farm/ Project & Risk Management	
S 2	Field visit	Visit to local APMC / Whole sale- Terminal market/ Retail Chain/ Recording of Price Information/	
	Discussion	Evaluation of Assignment and observations	
	Quiz	Learning on 5 days	
	Reading for next	Agricultural credit -Term loan	
	day	credit: Process and dos and	
		donts	
	Assignment	Identification of Risks and	
		Measures to overcome these	
		risks for successful and timely	
		completion of project as per NHB	
		scheme guidelines, standards	
		and making profits.	
		Explore:	
		http://agmarknet.gov.in/	
		Documentation of difficulties	
		being faced by trainees;	
		Interaction with Bankers and	
		growers	

Day S3	Government organisations and Schemes and applicable laws	List of Institutions for promotion of Horticulture: State/ UT Govt., DAC&FW- CDB, NHB, CPCRI, UT Government, Central Schemes – SFAC, NCDC, MoFPI, APEDA, NABARD etc. NHM	State Dept. of NHB State/UT official Horticulture/ SFAC APEDA NCDC NABARD
S4	Technology Entrepreneurship & innovation	Technology areas & Providers • Quality Planting Material, Package of practices, IPM, Soil and Crop health, Aerial spraying, Crop monitoring, Pest and Disease Surveillance, Weather	Expert

Knowledge and Statistics Evaluation	profits. Innovation What is innovation? Innovation in Horti-business? Maintain statistics- Growers, Area, Production, Productivity, Pest and Diseases, Age of plantation What's app group; ICAR/SAU/SHU News letters Advisories Online news Market information- State/UT, Domestic and Export Radio, e-learning Kisan Call centres Training evaluation /Test on	Course
	 Forecasting Advisory services Use of IT, Automation-Drones etc. Crop wise Experts across India and State. Contacts at CDB/CPCRI/NHB/ UT Agri.Dept./KAU/ATMA/NHM Climate change Entrepreneurship: What it is? Essential elements? Entrepreneurship in Hortibusiness-salient features. Steps involved in setting up an enterprise and laws to be complied. Business avenues in trainees context. How to minimise cost of production and maximise 	

		Marks in the test are		
	Total Marks	1. Class room	25%	
	Final Assessment	participation		
		2. Timely submission of	25%	
		assignments		
		3. Final evaluation	50%	
		Total Marks (Are recorded in Completion Certificate)		
	Feedback 30 Min			Course coordinator
	Discussion on Feedback			
S 6	Valediction			

Trainers' Material: to be used for preparing Participants Handbook first in English and then in local language as far as possible.

The following weblinks are illustrative. Training Institute is requested to explore more and the best fit material for the trainees socio-economic condition, crop and enterprise.

S NO	Module	Reading material
		For the trainer
	Economic	Horticulture Statistics at a glance:
	Potential and	http://agricoop.gov.in/statistics/publicatio
	Specific State/	n-reports
	UTs context and	
	Success stories.	World fruit and vegetable map: 2018: Robo
		Bank
		https://research.rabobank.com/far/en/se
		ctors/regional-food-
		agri/world_fruit_map_2018.html
		APEDA AGRIEXCHANGE:
		http://agriexchange.apeda.gov.in/
		ICAR institutions publications on specific
		crop
		CII / FICCI/ASSOCHAM/ PHDCC reports
		http://www.fao.org/docs/eims/upload/21
		0971/global_issues_paper.pdf
		Success stories:
		http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/success_stories
		/sstories_horti_2015.html
	Economic	https://www.gscpequivalenceprocess.com/
	Potential and	GRASP: Global GAP Risk Assessment on
		Social Practice
		The Global Social Compliance Programme
		GSCP
	Einanaa Cradit 0	https://www.gscpequivalenceprocess.com/
		Model DPR Templates for NHB Schemes
	Farm/ Project & Risk Management	ww.nhb.gov.in
	Mor management	

Cluster development : Collaborative farming/ FPOs/ FPC	NHB Website: Proposed scheme: Horticulture Business Cluster and Supply chain development Programme			
FPC	FAO (2010) Agro-based clusters in developing countries: staying competitive in a globalized economy http://www.fao.org/docrep/012/i1560e/i1560e.pdf			
	World Bank: Agriculture Clusters https://www.innovationpolicyplatform.org/sites/default/files/rdf_imported_documents/Agricultural_Clusters.pdf			
	How Can the Poor Benefit from the Growing Markets for High Value Agricultural Products? FAO / UN Paper https://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm? abstract_id=944027			
	Crop specific Producers Society and company online authentic sources			
Selection of cultivar and Production practices for high	ICAR institutions publications on specific crop Package of practices of specific crop (s).			
productivity	e-learning: videos from authentic sources-ICAR/ SAU/SHU/Global Institutions. ICAR e-courses: https://ecourses.icar.gov.in/			
Harvesting, Post- Harvest Management / Infrastructure				
	Doubling of Farmers Income Report: Vol.III and IV http://agricoop.gov.in/doubling-farmers			
Processing / Value Addition	ICAR / Any reputed R&D Institution publications e-learning: videos from authentic sources-ICAR/ SAU/SHU/Global Institutions.			
Supply/ Cold- chain development	Cold Chain Awareness program https://nccd.gov.in/PDF/Cold-			

both for fresh and processed produce	chain%20Awareness%20Booklet.pdf					
processed produce	Analysis of NDDB Model for Vegetables https://nccd.gov.in/PDF/Analysis_NDDB_veg_model.pdf					
	All India Cold Chain Infrastructure Capacity : Gap Analysis https://nccd.gov.in/PDF/CCSG_Final%20 Report_Web.pdf					
value chain development Maintain quality of	Crop specific market information sources TNAU AgriTech portal on Food Safety: http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/gap_gmp_glp/ga p_fresh%20_%20fruits%20&%20veg.html http://agritech.tnau.ac.in/food_safetyinde					
Standards	x.html Global Gap: https://www.globalgap.org/uk_en/					
	INDGAP: http://www.qcin.org/CAS/INDGAP/					
	Global gap India facilities: http://agriexchange .apeda.gov.in/Market% 20Profile/Market_Inteligence/Annexure_III. pdf					
	Food Traceability in Inda: http://face-cii.in/sites/default/files/final_report-version_2.pdf					
	FAO International Code of Conduct on Pesticide Management http://www.fao.org/agriculture/crops/thematic-sitemap/theme/pests/code/en/					
	TRACEABILITY IN FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS: ITC, Switzerland publication at http://www.intracen.org/					

Government	http://agricoop.gov.in/					
organisations an	http://mofpi.nic.in/					
Schemes	http://apeda.gov.in/					
	http://nhb.gov.in/					
	http://coconutboard.nic.in/Scheme.aspx					
Knowledge an	d ICAR Indian Horticulture Magazine:					
Statistics	https://icar.org.in/node/9420					
	IIHR: https://iihr.res.in/documentary-					
	video-clips-for-farmers					
	FAO: http://www.fao.org/e-					
	agriculture/stub-28					
Technology an						
Entrepreneurship	Bureaux/ NRCs:					
	https://icar.org.in/					
	<u>Innovation</u> in Agriculture:					
	http://www.fao.org/3/CA2460EN/ca2460e					
	n.PDF					
	Specific technologies:					
	https://icar.org.in/content/agricultural-					
	<u>technologies</u>					
	e-learning: https://ecourses.icar.gov.in/					
	ICAR Publications:					
	https://krishi.icar.gov.in/jspui/					
	Local University publications					
	Local University success stories					
Protected	https://www.ncpahindia.com/					
1 1/	/ Agriculture Skill Council of India:					
Shade net / Wal	Curriculum and Occupational /					
in Tunne) Qualification standards:					
cultivation:	http://asci-					
	india.com/National%20Occupation%20Sta					
	ndards.php					
Cold Storage	/ National Committee on plasticulture					
Cold Chai	Agriculture with the Horticulture					
Development:						

Reading material for the trainee is to be prepared by the Training Institute based on trainers' reading material in local language either in brief or in detail based on the module and need. May share booklets or print out of detailed scientific package of practices recommended locally.

Success Stories: Illustrative

IARI	http://iari.res.in/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=539				
	<u>&Itemid=1516</u>				
	http://www.iari.res.in/files/Pusa_Hydrogel.pdf				
IIHR	https://iihr.res.in/success-stories				

CISH	http://www.cish.res.in/success_story.php
CCRI	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QwE6oFkq3F8
Nagp	
ur	
NRC	http://nrcb.res.in/success-stories.php
Bana	
na	
CITH	http://www.cith.org.in/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&i
Srina	d=83&Itemid=11⟨=en
gar	
IIVR	https://iivr.org.in/success-stories
Grap	https://rkvy.nic.in/Uploads/SucessStory/TAMILNADU/2018/2018044
es	0133.%20GRS%20Success%20story.pdf

https://www.innovationpolicyplatform.org/sites/default/files/rdf_imported_documents/Agricultural_Clusters.pdf

Activities prior to training by Horticulture Training Institute:

The training institute shall undertake

- 1. Desk Analysis:
 - a. About specific commodity: State/ UT and District's Area, Production, Productivity, cost of cultivation, production, post-harvest and marketing problems etc.
 - b. Road map formulated by State/UT government to develop the area/ crop / farmers income of the area including State/UT Economic Survey, Annual Report of Agriculture/Horticulture Dept., District website etc.
 - c. Explore various research articles on crop production, marketing etc. of the State/ Area.
 - d. Examine various study reports of Government agencies- State/ DAC&FW/ APEDA/ SFAC/MoFPI and private agencies- CII /FICCI/ASSOCHAM/ Others for the horticulture Development of the State, Specific location, India etc.
- 2. Preparation of training design and teaching-learning material.
 - a. Preparation of training schedule with good mix of theory, practical's (both in class room and field visits) and home work (After class hours) and also physical fitness and site seeing.
 - b. Participants Handbook: A brief note on each of teaching module in local language for circulation to each trainee, with the help of local technical expert.
 - c. Preparation of case studies/ exercises for class room discussion / brain storming / homework.
 - d. Access to internet and computers to explore the potential of technology.
 - e. Identification of the best experts for each of the session and invitation of successful FPOs/ entrepreneurs/ experts for interaction session with the trainees.
 - f. Identification of FPOs/Entrepreneurs/Firms/ Organisations for internship with clear Do's and Don'ts.
 - g. Every trainee to come with 2 problems with respect to each of the session.
 - h. Use of Audio-visual aids for teaching-learning& Good logistics for field visits
- 3. Identification of fields, FPOs, enterprises and operations etc. for the visit of trainees.

4.					ccommod		od (of	trainees	cultural
	conte	kt as far a	as possibl	e), primai	ry health (care etc.			

Services by the Horticulture Training Institute

1. Facilities to Participants during training

- a. Safe and joyful learning environment.
- b. Classrooms are (Venue): IIHR, Bangalore
- c. Safe hostel accommodation and healthy Boarding.
- d. Accommodation/Hostel is at: IIHR, Bangalore
- e. Hostel check in: One day before training
- f. Hostel check out: following day of completion of course.
- g. Internet and computer systems.

2. Material to be made available to Participants by IIHR

- a. Training Brochure before training
- b. Reading Material during training

3. Faculty:

4. Post-training activities:

- 1. Take written feedback on each of session with respect to content, clarity and delivery style, opportunity for Q&A, accommodation, food, other facilities, suggestions for improvement etc. and share action proposed in future trainings, during valedictory session.
- 2. Submission of training report to be submitted within 15 days of completion of EDP:
 - a. Objectives, outputs and outcomes of training.
 - b. Training schedule
 - c. Trainee's / participant list with postal address and contact numbers.
 - d. Photographs and Video (Also to be hosted by training institute and NHB)
 - e. Analysis of feedback and action taken report.
 - f. Action taken on networking with trainees local R&D Institution / experts for regular extension and entrepreneurship development activities.
 - g. Utilisation Certificate.

ICAR-IIHR Main Building



Field view of Horticultural crops



Protected cultivation of vegetables - Capsicum

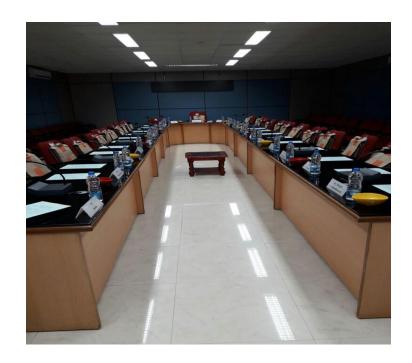




View of classrooms







View of Hostel Rooms

